Standalone Capital Adequacy & Liquidity Disclosures MCB Bank Limited

December 31, 2019



1. CAPITAL ASSESSMENT AND ADEQUACY

1.1 Scope of Applications

The Basel-III Framework is applicable to the bank both at the consolidated level (comprising of wholly/ partially owned subsidiaries & associates) and on a stand alone basis. Subsidiaries are included while calculating Consolidated Capital Adequacy for the Bank using full consolidation method whereas associates in which the bank has significant influence on equity method. Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Capital Adequacy for Credit and Market risk, whereas, Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) is used for Operational Risk Capital Adequacy purposes.

1.2 Capital Management

Objectives and goals of managing capital

The Bank manages its capital to attain following objectives and goals:

- an appropriately capitalized status, as defined by banking regulations;
- acquire strong credit ratings that enable an optimized funding mix and liquidity sources at lesser costs;
- cover all risks underlying business activities;
- retain flexibility to harness future investment opportunities; build and expand even in stressed times.

Statutory minimum capital requirement and Capital Adequacy Ratio

The State Bank of Pakistan through its BSD Circular No. 07 of 2009 dated April 15, 2009 requires the minimum paid up capital (net of losses) for all locally incorporated banks to be raised to Rs. 10 billion by the year ended on December 31, 2013. The raise was to be achieved in a phased manner requiring Rs. 10 billion paid up capital (net of losses) by the end of the financial year 2013. The paid up capital of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2019 stands at Rs. 11.851 billion and is in compliance with the SBP requirement.

The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank was subject to the Basel III capital adequacy guidelines stipulated by the State Bank of Pakistan through its BPRD Circular No. 06 of 2013 dated August 15, 2013. These instructions are effective from December 31, 2013 in a phased manner with full implementation intended by December 31, 2019. Under Basel III guidelines banks are required to maintain the following ratios on an ongoing basis:

Sr.	Ratio	Year End					As of Dec 31	
No		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	31-12-2019
1	CET1	5.00%	5.50%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%
2	ADT-1	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
3	Tier 1	6.50%	7.00%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
4	Total Capital	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
5	ССВ	-	-	0.25%	0.65%	1.275%	1.90%	2.50%
6	Total Capital plus CCB	10.00%	10.00%	10.25%	10.65%	11.275%	11.90%	12.50%

Phase-in arrangement and full implementation of the minimum capital requirements:

- *Capital Conservation Buffer (CCB) Consisting of CET1 only

Bank's regulatory capital is analysed into three tiers.

- Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1), which includes fully paid up capital (including the bonus shares), balance in share premium account, general reserves, statutory reserves as per the financial statements and net unappropriated profits after all regulatory adjustments applicable on CET1
- Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1), which includes perpetual non-cumulative preference shares and Share premium resulting from the issuance of preference shares balance in share premium account after all regulatory adjustments applicable on AT1

The deduction from Tier 1 Capital include mainly:

- i) Book value of goodwill / intangibles;
- ii) Deficit on revaluation of available for sale investments
- ii) Defined-benefit pension fund net assets
- iv) Reciprocal cross holdings in equity capital instruments of other banks, financial institutions and insurance companies;
- v) Investment in mutual funds above a prescribed ceiling;
- vi) Threshold deductions applicable from 2014 on deferred tax assets and certain investments;
- Tier 2 capital, which includes Subordinated debt/ Instruments, share premium of issuance of Subordinated debt/ Instruments, general provisions for loan losses (up to a maximum of 1.25 % of credit risk weighted assets), Net of tax reserves on revaluation of fixed assets and investments and foreign exchange translation reserves after all regulatory adjustments applicable on Tier-2

The deductions from Tier 2 include mainly:

i) Reciprocal cross holdings in other capital instruments of other banks, financial institution and insurance companies;

The required capital adequacy ratio including CCB (12.50% of the risk-weighted assets) is achieved by the Bank through retention of profit, improvement in the asset quality at the existing volume level, ensuring better recovery management and composition of asset mix with low risk. Banking operations are categorized as either trading book or banking book and risk-weighted assets are determined according to specified requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan that seek to reflect the varying levels of risk attached to assets and off-balance sheet exposures. The total risk-weighted exposures comprise of the credit risk, market risk and operational risk.

Basel-III Framework enables a more risk-sensitive regulatory capital calculation to promote long term viability of the Bank. As the Bank conducts business on a wide area network basis, it is critical that it is able to continuously monitor the exposure across entire organization and aggregate the risks so as to take an integrated view. Maximization of the return on risk-adjusted capital is the principal basis to be used in determining how capital is allocated within the Bank to particular operations or activities.

The Bank remained compliant with all regulatory capital requirements through out the year.

		2019 2018 (Rupees in '000)	
1.3	Capital Adequacy Ratio		
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1): Instruments and reserves		
1	Fully Paid-up Capital	11,850,600	11,850,600
2	Balance in Share Premium Account	23,751,114	23,751,114
3	Reserve for issue of Bonus Shares	_	_
4	Discount on Issue of shares	_	_
5	General/ Statutory Reserves	50,256,691	47,859,007
6	Gain/(Losses) on derivatives held as Cash Flow Hedge	_	_
7	Unappropriated/unremitted profits	55,777,489	53,532,044
8	Minority Interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued to third parties by consolidated bank subsidiaries (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the consolidation group)	_	_
9	CET 1 before Regulatory Adjustments	141,635,894	136,992,765
10	Total regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 (Note 1.3.1)	5,379,123	7,993,491
11	Common Equity Tier 1	136,256,771	128,999,274



		2019 2018 (Rupees in '000)	
	Additional Tier 1 (AT 1) Capital		
12	Qualifying Additional Tier-1 capital instruments plus		
	any related share premium	-	_
13	of which: Classified as equity	-	-
14	of which: Classified as liabilities	-	-
15	Additional Tier-1 capital instruments issued to third parties by consolidated subsidiaries (amount allowed in group AT 1)	_	_
16	of which: instrument issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	_	_
17	AT1 before regulatory adjustments	_	_
18	Total regulatory adjustment applied to		
19	AT1 capital (Note 1.3.2) Additional Tier 1 capital after regulatory adjustments		
20	Additional Tier 1 capital recognized for capital adequacy	-	_
21	Tier 1 Capital (CET1 + admissible AT1) (11+20)	136,256,771	128,999,274
	Tier 2 Capital		
22	Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments under Basel III		
	plus any related share premium	-	2,334,611
23	Tier 2 capital instruments subject to phaseout		
04	arrangement issued under pre-Basel 3 rules Tier 2 capital instruments issued to third parties by	-	-
24	consolidated subsidiaries (amount allowed in group tier 2)	_	_
25	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject		
	to phase out	-	_
26	General provisions or general reserves for loan losses-up to maximum of 1.25% of Credit Risk Weighted Assets	1,423,921	1,266,717
27	Revaluation Reserves (net of taxes)	10 007 015	10,100,000
28 29	of which: Revaluation reserves on fixed assets of which: Unrealized gains/losses on AFS	19,037,215 4,217,747	12,192,682
30	Foreign Exchange Translation Reserves	2,675,131	1,629,543
31	Undisclosed/Other Reserves (if any)	-	
32	T2 before regulatory adjustments	27,354,014	17,423,553
33	Total regulatory adjustment applied to T2 capital (Note 1.3.3)	_	435,575
34	Tier 2 capital (T2) after regulatory adjustments	27,354,014	16,987,978
35	Tier 2 capital recognized for capital adequacy	27,354,014	16,987,978
36 37	Portion of Additional Tier 1 capital recognized in Tier 2 capital Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital adequacy	_ 27,354,014	 16,987,978
38	TOTAL CAPITAL (T1 + admissible T2) (21+37)	163,610,785	145,987,252
39	Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) {for details		
	refer Note 1.6} Capital Ratios and buffers (in percentage of risk weighted assets)	867,656,268	805,177,499
40	CET1 to total RWA	15.70%	16.02%
41	Tier-1 capital to total RWA	15.70%	16.02%
42	Total capital to total RWA	18.86%	18.13%
43	-	10.00 /0	10.10 /0
40	Bank specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation buffer		
	plus any other buffer requirement)	8.50%	7.90%
44	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.50%	1.90%

 45 of which: countercyclical buffer requirement 46 of which: D-SIB or G-SIB buffer requirement 47 CET1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage 	- - 7.20%	
 46 of which: D-SIB or G-SIB buffer requirement 47 CET1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage 	- 7.20%	-
	7.20%	
	7.20%	
of risk weighted assets)		8.12%
National minimum capital requirements prescribed by SBP		
48 CET1 minimum ratio	6.00%	6.00%
49 Tier 1 minimum ratio	7.50%	7.50%
50 Total capital minimum ratio	10.00%	10.00%
51 Total capital minimum ratio plus CCB	12.50%	11.90%
Regulatory Adjustments and Additional Information		
1.3.1 Common Equity Tier 1 capital: Regulatory adjustments		
1 Goodwill (net of related deferred tax liability)		_
2 All other intangibles (net of any associated		
deferred tax liability)	958,020	631,461
 3 Shortfall in provisions against classified assets 4 Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability 	-	-
4 Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	_	_
5 Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	2,343,328	2,479,861
6 Reciprocal cross holdings in CET1 capital instruments		
of banking, financial and insurance entities	1,525,502	1,496,156
7 Cash flow hedge reserve	-	-
8 Investment in own shares/ CET1 instruments9 Securitization gain on sale	_	
10 Capital shortfall of regulated subsidiaries	_	_
11 Deficit on account of revaluation from bank's holdings		
of fixed assets/ AFS	-	2,758,144
12 Investments in the capital instruments of banking,		
financial and insurance entities that are outside		
the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued		
share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	_
13 Significant investments in the common stocks of		
banking, financial and insurance entities that are		
outside the scope of regulatory consolidation		70.040
(amount above 10% threshold) 14 Deferred Tax Assets arising from temporary differences	-	72,248
(amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	_
15 Amount exceeding 15% threshold	-	_
16 of which: significant investments in the common		
stocks of financial entitiesof which: deferred tax assets arising from	-	-
temporary differences	_	_
18 National specific regulatory adjustments applied		
to CET1 capital	-	-
19 Investments in TFCs of other banks exceeding the prescribed limit	552,273	555,621
20 Any other deduction specified by SBP	552,275	555,021
(mention details)	-	_
21 Adjustment to CET1 due to insufficient AT1		
and Tier 2 to cover deductions*	_	
22 Total regulatory adjustments applied to CET1	5,379,123	7,993,491



		2019 (Rupee	2018 s in '000)
100			,
1.3.2	Additional Tier-1 & Tier-1 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
23	Investment in mutual funds exceeding the prescribed limit [SBP specific adjustment]	_	_
24	Investment in own AT1 capital instruments	-	-
25	Reciprocal cross holdings in Additional Tier 1 capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities	_	
26	Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	_	_
27	Significant investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	_	_
28	Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to Tier-1 and Tier-2 capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain subject to deduction from additional tier-1 capital	_	_
29	Adjustments to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	_	_
30	Total regulatory adjustment applied to AT1 capital*	-	_
1.3.3	Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
31	Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to Tier-1 and Tier-2 capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain subject to deduction from tier-2 capital	_	_
32	Reciprocal cross holdings in Tier 2 instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities	_	435,575
33 34	Investment in own Tier 2 capital instrument Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share	-	_
35	capital (amount above 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are	_	_
	outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-	_
36	Total regulatory adjustment applied to T2 capital	_	435,575
1.3.4	Additional Information		
	Risk Weighted Assets subject to pre-Basel III treatment		
37	Risk weighted assets in respect of deduction items (which during the transitional period will be risk weighted subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment)	_	_
(i) (ii)	of which: deferred tax assets	-	-
(ii) (iii)	of which: Defined-benefit pension fund net assets of which: Recognized portion of investment in capital of banking, financial and insurance entities where holding is less than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity	_	_
(i∨)	of which: Recognized portion of investment in capital of banking, financial and insurance entities where holding is more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity	_	_
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)		

		2019 2018 (Rupees in '000)	
38	Non-significant investments in the capital of		
39	other financial entities Significant investments in the common stock of	-	-
	financial entities	-	_
40	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	_	_
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
41	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardized approach (prior to application of cap)	1,423,921	1,266,717
42	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardized approach	7,981,158	7,968,507
43	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach	7,001,100	7,000,007
44	(prior to application of cap) Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	-	-
	Step 1	Balance sheet as per published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation
		As at 31-12- 2019 (Rupees	As at 31-12- 2019 s in '000)
1.4	Capital Structure Reconciliation		
	Assets]	
	Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments - net Advances - net Fixed assets including intangible	132,704,797 12,542,239 1,090,058 748,764,502 496,678,874 59,228,797	132,704,797 12,542,239 1,090,058 748,764,502 496,678,874 59,228,797
	Deferred tax assets Other assets - net	64,142,748	64,142,748
	Total assets	1,515,152,015	1,515,152,015
	Liabilities & Equity		
	Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities - net	11,821,698 89,505,892 1,144,763,259 - - 5,850,645	11,821,698 89,505,892 1,144,763,259 - - 5,850,645
	Other liabilities	94,295,738	94,295,738
	Total liabilities	1,346,237,232	1,346,237,232
	Share capital Reserves Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax Unappropriated profit	11,850,600 77,591,253 23,695,441 55,777,489 168,914,783	11,850,600 77,591,253 23,695,441 55,777,489 168,914,783
	Total liabilities & equity	1,515,152,015	1,515,152,015
	· •		



Step 2	Balance sheet as per published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Ref
	As at 31-12- 2019 (Rupees	As at 31-12- 2019 in '000)	
Assets			
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balanced with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments of which: Non-significant capital investments in	132,704,797 12,542,239 1,090,058 748,764,502	132,704,797 12,542,239 1,090,058 748,764,502	
capital of other financial institutions exceeding 10% threshold of which: significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities exceeding regulatory threshold of which: Mutual Funds exceeding regulatory threshold	- 552,273		a b c
of which: reciprocal crossholding of capital instrument (separate for CET1, AT1, T2) of which: others	1,525,502		d e
Advances	496,678,874	496,678,874	-
shortfall in provisions/ excess of total EL amount over eligible provisions under IRB general provisions reflected in Tier 2 capital	- 1,423,921	- 1,423,921	f g
Fixed Assets	59,228,797	59,228,797	
of which: Intangibles	958,020	958,020	k
Deferred Tax Assets of which: DTAs that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences of which: DTAs arising from temporary differences exceeding regulatory threshold	-	-	h
Other assets	64,142,748	64,142,748	
of which: Goodwill of which: Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	- 3,605,121	- 3,605,121	j I
Total assets	1,515,152,015	1,515,152,015	
Liabilities & Equity Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans	11,821,698 89,505,892 1,144,763,259 –	11,821,698 89,505,892 1,144,763,259 -	
of which: eligible for inclusion in AT1 of which: eligible for inclusion in Tier 2	-		m n
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Deferred tax liabilities	- 5,850,645	_ 5,850,645	
of which: DTLs related to goodwill of which: DTLs related to intangible assets of which: DTLs related to defined pension fund net assets of which: other deformed tax liabilities	- - 1,261,793	- - 1,261,793 4 598 852	o p q
of which: other deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities	4,588,852 94,295,738	4,588,852 94,295,738	r
Total liabilities	1,346,237,232	1,346,237,232	
Share capital	35,601,714	35,601,714	
of which: amount eligible for CET1 of which: amount eligible for AT1	35,601,714	35,601,714	s t

	Balance sheet as per published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Ref
	As at 31-12- 2019 (Rupees	As at 31-12- 2019 in '000)	
Reserves of which: portion eligible for inclusion in CET1	53,840,139	53,840,139	
(general reserve & statutory reserve) of which: portion eligible for inclusion in Tier 2	50,256,691 2,675,131	50,256,691 2,675,131	u v
Unappropriated profit Minority Interest	55,777,489	55,777,489	W
of which: portion eligible for inclusion in CET1 of which: portion eligible for inclusion in AT1 of which: portion eligible for inclusion in Tier 2	- - -		x y z
Surplus on revaluation of assets	23,695,441	23,695,441	
of which: Revaluation reserves on fixed assets of which: Unrealized Gains/Losses on AFS of which: Revaluation reserves on Non-banking assets In case of Deficit on revaluation (deduction from CET1)	19,037,215 4,217,747 440,479 -	19,037,215 4,217,747 440,479 -	aa ab
Total Equity	168,914,783	168,914,783	
Total liabilities & Equity	1,515,152,015	1,515,152,015	

Step 3	Component of regulatory capital reported by bank	Source based on reference number from step 2
	(Rupees in '000)	

Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1): Instruments and reserves

1 2	Fully Paid-up Capital Balance in Share Premium Account Bacarus for iagua of Bacarus Shares	11,850,600 23,751,114	(s)
3 4	Reserve for issue of Bonus Shares General/ Statutory Reserves		(u)
5 6	Gain/(Losses) on derivatives held as Cash Flow Hedge Unappropriated/unremitted profits/(losses)	- 55,777,489	(w)
7	Minority Interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued to third party by consolidated bank subsidiaries (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the	00,111,400	
	consolidation group)	-	(x)
8	CET 1 before Regulatory Adjustments	141,635,894	
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: Regulatory adjustments		
9	Goodwill (net of related deferred tax liability)	_	(j) - (O)
10	All other intangibles (net of any associated deferred tax liability)	958,020	(k) - (p)
11	Shortfall of provisions against classified assets		(r) (b) (f)
12	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences		
	(net of related tax liability)	_	
13	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	2,343,328	{(l) - (q)} * 100%
14	Reciprocal cross holdings in CET1 capital instruments	1,525,502	(d)
15	Cash flow hedge reserve	-	
16	Investment in own shares/ CET1 instruments		
17	Securitization gain on sale	_	
18	Capital shortfall of regulated subsidiaries	-	
	-		



		Component of regulatory capital reported by bank (Rupees in '000)	Source based on reference number from step 2
19	Deficit on account of revaluation from bank's holdings of property/ AFS		(ab)
20	Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)		(db)
21	Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)		
22	Deferred Tax Assets arising from temporary differences		
	(amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	_	(i)
23	Amount exceeding 15% threshold	_	
24	of which: significant investments in the common stocks of financial entities	_	
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from		
	temporary differences	_	
26	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital	_	
27	Investment in TFCs of other banks exceeding the prescribed limit	552,273	(b)
28	Any other deduction specified by SBP	_	()
29	Regulatory adjustment applied to CET1 due to insufficient AT1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	_	
30	Total regulatory adjustments applied to CET1	5,379,123	
31	Common Equity Tier 1	136,256,771	
	Additional Tier 1 (AT 1) Capital		
32	Qualifying Additional Tier-1 instruments plus any		
00	related share premium	-	(1)
33	of which: Classified as equity	-	(t)
34 35	of which: Classified as liabilities Additional Tier-1 capital instruments issued by consolidated subsidiaries and held by third parties	_	(m)
	(amount allowed in group AT 1)	_	(y)
36	of which: instrument issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	_	(97
07			
37	AT1 before regulatory adjustments	_	
	Additional Tier 1 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
38	Investment in mutual funds exceeding the prescribed limit (SBP specific adjustment)	_	
39	Investment in own AT1 capital instruments	_	
40	Reciprocal cross holdings in Additional Tier 1		
	capital instruments	_	
41	Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	_	
42	Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	_	

		Component of regulatory capital reported by bank	Source based on reference number from step 2
		(Rupees in '000)	
43	Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to core capital and supplementary capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain subject to deduction from tier-1 capital	_	
44	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	
45 46	Total of Regulatory Adjustment applied to AT1 capital Additional Tier 1 capital		
47	Additional Tier 1 capital recognized for capital adequacy	_	
48	Tier 1 Capital (CET1 + admissible AT1)	136,256,771	
	Tier 2 Capital		
49 50	Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments under Basel III Capital instruments subject to phase out arrangement from tier 2 (Pre-Basel III instruments)	-	(n)
51	Tier 2 capital instruments issued to third party by consolidated subsidiaries (amount allowed		
52	in group tier 2) of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject	-	(Z)
53	to phase out General Provisions or general reserves for loan losses-up to maximum of 1.25% of Credit Risk Weighted Assets	1,423,921	(g)
54	Revaluation Reserves eligible for Tier 2	23,254,962	(9)
55 56	of which: Revaluation reserves on fixed assets of which: Unrealized Gains/Losses on AFS	19,037,215 4,217,747	portion of (aa)
57 58	Foreign Exchange Translation Reserves Undisclosed/Other Reserves (if any)	2,675,131 -	(v)
59	T2 before regulatory adjustments	27,354,014	
	Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
60	Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to core capital and supplementary capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain subject to		
61	deduction from tier-2 capital Reciprocal cross holdings in Tier 2 instruments	-	
62	Investment in own Tier 2 capital instrument	_	
63	Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	_	
64	Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	_	
65	Amount of Regulatory Adjustment applied to T2 capital	-	
66 67	Tier 2 capital (T2)	27,354,014	
67 68	Tier 2 capital recognized for capital adequacy Excess Additional Tier 1 capital recognized in Tier 2 capital	27,354,014 _	
69	Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital adequacy	27,354,014	
70	TOTAL CAPITAL (T1 + admissible T2)	163,610,785	



1.5 Main Features Template of Regulatory Capital Instruments

		Common Shares
1	Issuer	MCB Bank Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg KSE Symbol or Bloomberg identifier etc.)	MCB
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Relevant Capital Market Laws
	Regulatory treatment	1
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Common equity Tier 1
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common equity Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo/ group/ group&solo	Group & Standalone
7	Instrument type	Common Shares
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in PKR thousands, as of reporting date)	11,850,600
9	Par value of instrument	PKR 10 per share
10	Accounting classification	Shareholder equity
11	Original date of issuance	1947
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	No maturity
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Not applicable
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not applicable
	Coupons / dividends	1
17	Fixed or floating dividend/ coupon	Not applicable
18	coupon rate and any related index/ benchmark	Not applicable
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Not applicable
	Convertible or non-convertible	
23	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not applicable
24	If convertible, fully or partially	Not applicable
25	If convertible, conversion rate	Not applicable
26	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not applicable
27	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not applicable
28	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not applicable
	Write-down feature	
29	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Not applicable
30	If write-down, full or partial	Not applicable
31	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not applicable
32	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not applicable
33	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument	Common equity ranks after all creditors and depositors
34	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
35	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not applicable

1.6 Risk Weighted Assets

The risk weighted assets to capital ratio, calculated in accordance with the State Bank of Pakistan's guidelines on capital adequacy was as follows:

	Capital Re	apital Requirements		Risk Weighted Assets	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
		(Rupees	in '000)		
Credit Risk					
Portfolios subject to standardized approach (simple or comprehensive)					
On-Balance Sheet					
Corporate portfolio Banks / DFIs Public sector entities Sovereigns / cash & cash equivalents Loans secured against residential property Retail Past due loans Operating fixed assets Other assets	40,699,406 2,714,517 670,572 818,827 464,691 4,126,912 1,054,804 8,224,985 2,241,016	39,246,584 2,083,617 930,386 577,632 394,045 3,744,504 918,131 5,275,159 2,469,072	288,339,263 19,231,286 4,750,741 5,801,069 3,292,155 29,237,549 7,472,873 58,270,777 15,876,715	303,626,493 16,119,657 7,197,821 4,468,784 3,048,479 28,968,905 7,103,008 40,810,636 19,101,679	
Off-Balance Sheet	61,015,730	55,639,130	432,272,428	430,445,462	
Non-market related Market related	22,256,199 615,776	20,827,429 359,455	157,676,400 4,362,532	161,128,909 2,780,879	
Equity Exposure Risk in the Banking Book	22,871,975	21,186,884	162,038,932	163,909,788	
Listed Unlisted	653,048 5,583,189	585,001 4,989,354	4,626,588 39,554,697	4,525,790 38,599,542	
	6,236,237	5,574,355	44,181,285	43,125,332	
Total Credit Risk	90,123,942	82,400,369	638,492,645	637,480,582	
Market Risk Capital requirement for portfolios subject to standardized approach					
Interest rate risk Equity position risk Foreign exchange risk	6,182,636 2,386,100 93,383	1,682,917 2,662,498 39,743	77,282,950 29,826,250 1,167,286	21,036,463 33,281,223 496,787	
Total Market Risk	8,662,119	4,385,158	108,276,486	54,814,473	
Operational Risk					
Capital requirement for operational risks	9,670,971	9,030,596	120,887,137	112,882,444	
Total	108,457,032	95,816,122	867,656,268	805,177,499	
	20)19	20	18	
	Required	Actual	Required	Actual	
	%	%	%	%	
Capital Adequacy Ratios CET1 to total RWA Tier-1 capital to total RWA Total capital to total RWA Total capital plus CCB to total PW/A	6.00% 7.50% 10.00% 12.50%	15.70% 15.70% 18.86% 18.86%	6.00% 7.50% 10.00% 11.90%	16.02% 16.02% 18.13% 18.13%	

* As SBP capital requirement plus CCB of 12.50% (11.90% in 2018) is calculated on overall basis therefore, capital charge for credit risk is calculated after excluding capital requirements against market and operational risk from the total capital required.

12.50%

18.86%

11.90%

Total capital plus CCB to total RWA

18.13%



1.7 Credit Risk - General Disclosures

The Bank has adopted Standardized approach of Basel II for calculation of capital charge against credit risk in line with SBP's requirements.

Credit Risk: Disclosures for portfolio subject to the Standardized Approach

Under standardized approach, the capital requirement is based on the credit rating assigned to the counterparties by the External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs) duly recognized by SBP for capital adequacy purposes. Bank utilizes, wherever available, the credit ratings assigned by the SBP recognized ECAIs, viz. PACRA (Pakistan Credit Rating Agency), JCR-VIS (Japan Credit Rating Company– Vital Information Systems), Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poors . Credit rating data for advances is obtained from recognized External Credit Assessment Institutions and then mapped to State Bank of Pakistan's Rating Grades.

Type of Exposures for which the ratings from the External Credit Rating Agencies are used by the Bank.

Exposures	JCR-VIS	PACRA	Other (S&P / Moody's / Fitch)
Corporate	Yes	Yes	-
Banks	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sovereigns	-	-	Yes
SME's	Yes	Yes	-

The criteria for transfer public issue ratings onto comparable assets in the banking book and the alignment of the alphanumerical scale of each agency used with risk buckets is the same as specified by the SBP.

SBP Rating Grade	PACRA	JCR-VIS	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	ECA Scores
1	AAA AA+ AA AA-	AAA AA+ AA AA-	AAA AA+ AA AA-	Aaa Aa1 Aa2 Aa3	AAA AA+ AA AA-	1
2	A+ A A-	A+ A A-	A+ A A-	A1 A2 A3	A+ A A-	2
3	BBB+ BBB BBB-	BBB+ BBB BBB-	BBB+ BBB BBB-	Baa1 Baa2 Baa3	BBB+ BBB BBB-	3
4	BB+ BB BB-	BB+ BB BB-	BB+ BB BB-	Ba1 Ba2 Ba3	BB+ BB BB-	4
5	B+ B B-	B+ B B-	B+ B B-	B1 B2 B3	B+ B B-	5, 6
6	CCC+ and below	CCC+ and below	CCC+ and below	Caa1 and Below	CCC+ and below	7

Long - Term Ratings Grades Mapping

Short - Term Ratings Grades Mapping

SBP Rating Grade	PACRA	JCR-VIS	Fitch	Moody's	S&P
S1	A-1	A-1	F1	P-1	A-1+, A-1
S2	A-2	A-2	F2	P-2	A-2
S3	A-3	A-3	F3	P-3	A-3
S4	Others	Others	Others	Others	Others

Credit Exposures subject to Standardized approach

			2019		2018			
Exposures	Rating	Amount Outstand- ing	Deduction CRM	Net amount	Amount Outstand- ing	Deduction CRM	Net amount	
Corporate	1 2 3,4 5,6 Unrated	70,105,855 78,445,282 12,448,487 - 208,480,463	- - - 12,645,649	70,105,855 78,445,282 12,448,487 - 195,834,814	68,774,170 68,883,285 9,507,675 - 227,408,478	- - - 12,404,608	68,774,170 68,883,285 9,507,675 - 215,003,870	
Bank	1 2,3 4,5 6 Unrated	35,930,527 6,717,463 7,020,674 1,213 3,412,491	- - -	35,930,527 6,717,463 7,020,674 1,213 3,412,491	69,180,483 1,873,231 5,444,102 - 3,103,180	26,377,745 - - -	42,802,738 1,873,231 5,444,102 - 3,103,180	
Public Sector Entities in Pakistan	1 2,3 4,5 6 Unrated	14,313,853 1,882,965 - - 37,322,349	- - - 35,429,373	14,313,853 1,882,965 - - 1,892,976	9,162,969 - - 81,748,863	- - - 71,018,408	9,162,969 - - - 10,730,455	
Sovereigns and on Government of Pakistan or provincial governments or SBP or Cash	1 2 3 4,5 6 Unrated	151,581,952 21,659,339 - - 5,801,069 - - -	34,392,773 - - - - - -	117,189,179 - 21,659,339 - 5,801,069 -	95,741,730 9,020,575 - 4,468,784 - -		95,741,730 - 9,020,575 - 4,468,784 -	
Mortgage		9,406,156	-	9,406,156	8,709,939	-	8,709,939	
Retail		39,006,659	23,260	38,983,398	38,625,207	-	38,625,207	

Credit Risk: Disclosures with respect to Credit Risk Mitigation for Standardized Approach

The Bank does not make use of on and off-balance sheet netting in capital charge calculations under Basel's Standardized Approach for Credit Risk.

Credit Risk: Disclosures for portfolio subject to the Standardized Approach

The Bank has strong policies and processes for collateral valuation and collateral management thus ensuring that collateral valuation happens at regular defined intervals. Collaterals are normally held for the life of exposure. Regular monitoring of coverage of exposure by the collateral and lien/ charge registered over the collaterals is carried out besides ensuring that collateral matches the purpose, nature and structure of the transaction and also reflect the form and capacity of the obligor, its operations, nature of business and economic environment. The Bank mitigates its risk by taking collaterals that may include assets acquired through the funding provided, as well as cash, government securities, marketable securities, current assets, fixed assets, and specific equipment, commercial and personal real estate.

The Standardized Approach of Basel-II guidelines allows the Bank to take benefit of credit risk mitigation of financial collaterals against total exposures in the related loan facilities. As a prudent and conservative measure while calculating capital charge for credit risk of on balance sheet activities, bank has taken only the benefit of Sovereign guarantees and Defence Saving Certificates.

MCB manages limits and controls concentrations of credit risk as identified, in particular, to individual counterparties and groups, and also reviews exposure to industry sectors and geographical regions on a regular basis. Limits are applied in a variety of forms to portfolios or sectors where MCB considers it appropriate to restrict credit risk concentrations or areas of higher risk, or to control the rate of portfolio growth.



2. Leaverge Ratio

The leverage ratio is the ratio of Tier1 capital to total exposure, including off balance sheet exposures adjusted by regulatory credit conversion factors. The Bank's current leverage ratio of 7.07% (2018: 7.09%) is above the current minimum requirement of 3.00% set by the SBP.

	2019 (Rupee	2018 s in '000)
Eligible Tier-1 Capital Total Exposures	136,256,771 1,928,383,315	128,999,274 1,820,404,530
Leverage Ratio	7.07%	7.09%

3. Basel III Liquidity Requirement

The Basel Committee for Banking Supervision (BCBS) has introduced Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) under its BASEL III reforms. As part of Basel III implementation in Pakistan, SBP issued guidelines on June 23, 2016 to implement Liquidity standards in line with BCBS timelines, keeping in view the conditions as applicable in Pakistan. The Bank is maintaining both the liquidity ratios, under Basel III, with a considerable cushion over and above the regulatory requirement to mitigate any liquidity risk.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) aims to ensure that bank maintains an adequate level of unencumbered High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) which can easily be converted into cash at little or no loss of value in private markets, to withstand an acute liquidity stress scenario lasting for a period of 30 days horizon. LCR is defined as ratio of stock of HQLA to the total net Cash Outflows estimated for the next 30 calendar days.

All banks are required to maintain LCR at least on 100% on an ongoing basis. The Bank has been computing its LCR on monthly basis as per the instructions set out in SBP's guidelines issued on June 23, 2016. Average has been reported as simple averages of quarterly values of LCR of the financial year ended 2019. The quarterly values have been computed as simple averages of monthly observations of the previous quarter, as required by aforementioned SBP guidelines.

Governance of Liquidity risk management

Liquidity and related risks are managed through standardized processes established in the Bank. Board and senior management are appraised about liquidity profile of the Bank on periodic basis so as to ensure proactive liquidity management and to avoid abrupt shocks. The management of liquidity risk within the Bank is undertaken within limits and other policy parameters set by ALCO, which meets monthly and reviews compliance with policy parameters. Day to day monitoring is done by the treasury while overall compliance is monitored and coordinated by the ALCO and includes reviewing the actual and planned strategic growth of the business and its impact on the statements of financial position and monitoring the Bank's liquidity profile and associated activities. Bank's treasury function has the primary responsibility for assessing, monitoring and managing bank's liquidity and funding strategy. Market Risk Management Division being park of Risk management group is responsible for the independent identification, monitoring & analysis of risks inherent in treasury exposures. The Bank has in place duly approved Treasury policy along with risk tolerance/appetite levels. These are communicated at various levels so as to ensure effective liquidity management for the Bank.

Funding Strategy

Bank's prime source of liquidity is the customer's deposits base. Within deposits, Bank strives to maintain a healthy core deposit base in form of current and saving deposits and avoid concentration in particular products, tenors and dependence on large fund providers. Further, Bank relies on interbank borrowing for stop gap funding arrangements but, it is less preferred source of liquidity. Within borrowing, source of funding are also diversified to minimize concentration. Usually interbank borrowing is for short term. The Bank follows centralized funding strategy so as to ensure achievement of strategic and business objectives of the Bank.

Liquidity Risk Mitigation techniques

Various tools and techniques are used to measure and monitor the possible liquidity risk. These include monitoring of different liquidity ratios like cash to deposits, financing to deposit ratio, liquid assets to total deposits, interbank borrowing to total deposits and large deposits to total deposits which are monitored and communicated to senior management and to ALCO forum regularly. Further, the Bank also prepares the maturity profile of assets and liabilities to monitor the liquidity gaps over different time buckets. For maturity

analysis, behavioral study techniques are also used to determine the behavior of non-contractual assets and liabilities based on historic data and statistical techniques. The Bank also ensures to maintain statutory cash and liquidity requirements all times.

Liquidity Stress Testing

As per SBP BSD Circular No. 1 of 2012, Liquidity stress testing is being conducted under various stress scenarios. Shocks include the withdrawals of deposits and increase in assets, withdrawals of wholesale/large deposits & interbank borrowing and utilization of undrawn credit lines etc. Results are escalated at the senior level to enable the senior management to take proactive actions to avoid any possible liquidity risk challenges for the Bank.

Contingency Funding Plan

Contingency Funding Plan (CFP) is a part of liquidity management framework of the Bank which identifies the triggers events that could cause a liquidity crises and describes the actions to be taken to manage the crises. At MCB, a comprehensive liquidity contingency funding plan is prepared which highlights liquidity management chain that needs to be followed. Responsibilities and crises management phases are also incorporated in order to tackle the liquidity crises. Moreover, CFP highlights possible funding sources, in case of a liquidity crises.

Main drivers of LCR Results

Main drivers of LCR Results are High Quality Liquid Assets and Net cash outflows. Net cash outflows are mainly expected deposit outflows net of cash inflows which consist of inflows from financing and fully performing exposure up to 1 month. The inputs for calculation of LCR are prescribed by the regulator.

Composition of High Quality Liquid Asset-HQLA

High Quality Liquid Assets composed of Level-1 Asset which can be included in the stock of liquid assets at 100% of their market value. The Bank maintained average HQLA of Rs. 713.985 billion (2018: Rs 609.586 billion) against the average liquidity requirement of Rs. 362.188 billion (2018: Rs. 341.045 billion) at prescribed minimum regulatory LCR requirement of 100% (2018: 100.0%). Bank's total HQLA constituted on Level 1 & Level 2B assets. Average level 1 assets of the Bank primarily include Cash & Treasury Balances (including balances held with SBP) and unencumbered investment in Government Securities. The Bank's average level 2b assets primarily include non-financial publically traded common equity shares of the Bank.

Concentration of Funding Sources

At December 31, 2019, top liability products/instruments and their percentage contribution to Total Liabilities of the Bank were Current & Saving Deposits 76.89%, Term Deposits 8.15%, and borrowings 6.65%. Currency Mismatch in the LCR

The Bank predominately operates in the Pakistani Rupee. FCY exposures are maintained within pre-defined thresholds and liquidity for each foreign currency is managed by utilizing interbank market through currency swaps.

Intra-Period Changes (In LCR) as well as changes in Liquidity Risk over time

Bank's average LCR during the year 2019 remained 197.13% (2018: 178.74%).

Centralization Of Liquidity Management & Interaction Between The Groups' Units

Overall responsibility for Liquidity risk management of the bank lies with the ALCO, which comprises representatives from all business groups and relevant support groups. The Bank maintains adequate liquidity at all times to meet all obligations as and when they become due. For overseas branches, decentralized approach is followed for day to day liquidity management by taking into consideration both respective host country's and SBP's regulations.

Other Inflows & Outflows

There are no other inflows & outflows in the calculations of LCR other than those that are already covered in the disclosure of LCR.

Derivative exposures and potential collateral calls

The Bank has no exposure to any counter party that could lead to a potential collateral call arising out of derivative transactions.



Total unweighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Weighted value (average)Weighted value (average)Weighted value (average)Weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Weighted value (average)Weighted value (average)Weighted value (average)Total weighted value (average)Weighted (average)Weighted (average)Weighted (average)Total (average)Weighted (average)Weighted (average)Total (average)Weighted (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (average)Total (av
High quality liquid assets - 713,965,089 - 609,585,939 Cash outflows - 713,965,089 - 609,585,939 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers of which: 779,258,114 77,907,727 715,850,499 71,560,334 stable deposit 361,682 77,889,643 715,356,191 71,535,619 Unsecured wholesale funding of which: 328,538,876 255,675,219 304,830,977 253,118,004 Operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 26,264 186,468 20,511 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 207,210,110 218,732,816 218,732,816 Secured wholesale funding - - 1,459,536 29,533,428 73,489,071 8,199,408 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 59,266,083 9,533,428 73,489,071 8,199,408 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 2,723,946 2,723,946 599,120 7,600,288
Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA) - 713,965,089 - 609,585,939 Cash outflows - 713,965,089 - 609,585,939 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers of which: 779,258,114 77,907,727 715,850,499 71,560,334 stable deposit 361,682 18,084 494,308 24,715 Less stable deposit 328,538,876 255,675,219 304,830,977 253,118,004 Operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 26,264 186,468 20,511 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 207,210,110 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 Secured wholesale funding - - 1,459,536 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 20,511 34,346,4677 218,732,816 219,732 - 1,459,536 Secured wholesale funding - - 2,723,946 599,120 599,120 599,120 599,120 7,600,288 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 0,410,401,401,401,401,401,401,401,401,40
Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA) - 713,965,089 - 609,585,939 Cash outflows - 713,965,089 - 609,585,939 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers of which: 779,258,114 77,907,727 715,850,499 71,560,334 stable deposit 361,682 18,084 494,308 24,715 Less stable deposit 328,538,876 255,675,219 304,830,977 253,118,004 Operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 26,264 186,468 20,511 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 207,210,110 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 Secured wholesale funding - - 1,459,536 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 20,511 34,346,4677 218,732,816 219,732 - 1,459,536 Secured wholesale funding - - 2,723,946 599,120 599,120 599,120 599,120 7,600,288 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 0,410,401,401,401,401,401,401,401,401,40
Cash outflows 779,258,114 779,07,727 715,850,499 71,560,334 Stable deposit 779,258,114 77,907,727 715,850,499 71,560,334 Stable deposit 361,682 18,084 494,308 24,715 Unsecured wholesale funding of which: 328,538,876 255,675,219 304,830,977 253,118,004 Operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 26,264 186,468 20,511 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 207,210,110 218,732,816 218,732,816 Nescured wholesale funding - 2,270,173 - 1,459,536 Secured wholesale funding - 2,723,946 599,120 599,120 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 2,723,946 599,120 599,120 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 2,723,946 5,723,946 599,120 599,120 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products - 6,809,482 599,120 7,600,288
Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers of which: 779,258,114 77,907,727 715,850,499 71,560,334 stable deposit 361,682 18,084 494,308 24,715 Less stable deposit 778,896,432 77,889,643 715,356,191 71,535,619 Unsecured wholesale funding of which: 328,538,876 255,675,219 304,830,977 253,118,004 Operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 26,264 186,468 20,511 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,097,113 207,210,110 218,732,816 218,732,816 Secured wholesale funding - 2,270,173 - 1,459,536 Additional requirements of which: 59,266,083 9,533,428 73,489,071 8,199,408 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 2,723,946 2,723,946 599,120 599,120 7,00,288 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products Credit and Liquidity facilities 2,723,946 599,120 7,600,288 7,600,288
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Less stable deposit 778,896,432 77,889,643 715,356,191 71,535,619 Unsecured wholesale funding of which: 328,538,876 255,675,219 304,830,977 253,118,004 Operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 26,264 186,468 20,511 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 207,210,110 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 Secured wholesale funding - 2,270,173 - 1,459,536 Additional requirements of which: 59,266,083 9,533,428 73,489,071 8,199,408 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 2,723,946 2,723,946 599,120 599,120 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products - 56,542,137 6,809,482 599,120 - Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products - - - - - 7,600,288
Unsecured wholesale funding of which: 328,538,876 255,675,219 304,830,977 253,118,004 Operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 26,264 186,468 20,511 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 207,210,110 218,732,816 218,732,816 218,732,816 Secured wholesale funding - 2,270,173 - 1,459,536 Additional requirements of which: 59,266,083 9,533,428 73,489,071 8,199,408 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 2,723,946 2,723,946 599,120 599,120 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products - 56,542,137 - 7,889,951 7,600,288
Operational deposits (all counterparties) 231,653 26,264 186,468 20,511 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 121,097,113 207,210,110 218,732,816 218,732,816 Secured wholesale funding - 2,270,173 - 1,459,536 Additional requirements of which: 59,266,083 9,533,428 73,489,071 8,199,408 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 2,723,946 2,723,946 599,120 599,120 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products - - - - 7,889,951 599,120 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products - - - - - - Credit and Liquidity facilities - - - - - - -
Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 121,097,113 48,438,845 85,911,693 34,364,677 Unsecured debt 207,210,110 207,210,110 218,732,816 218,732,816 Secured wholesale funding - 2,270,173 - 1,459,536 Additional requirements of which: 59,266,083 9,533,428 73,489,071 8,199,408 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 2,723,946 2,723,946 599,120 599,120 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products - <t< td=""></t<>
Additional requirements of which:59,266,0839,533,42873,489,0718,199,408Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements2,723,9462,723,946599,120599,120Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products Credit and Liquidity facilities56,542,1376,809,48272,889,9517,600,288
Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements2,723,946599,120Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products Credit and Liquidity facilities56,542,1376,809,48272,889,9517,600,288
collateral requirements2,723,9462,723,946599,120Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products–––Credit and Liquidity facilities56,542,1376,809,48272,889,9517,600,288
Other contractual funding obligations 36,259,026 36,259,026 28,225,310 28,225,310
Other contingent funding obligations 860,821,197 15,726,844 769,260,222 15,530,100
Total Cash outflows 397,372,417 378,092,692
Cash inflows
Secured lending Inflows from fully performing exposures Other Cash inflows44,275,149 50,724,325 17,281,027-24,583,005 61,003,809 10,918,884-050,724,325 8,858,99926,325,159 10,918,88430,683,843 6,364,273
Total Cash inflows 35,184,158 37,048,116
Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA)713,965,089609,585,939
Total Net Cash outflows 362,188,259 341,044,576
Liquidity Coverage Ratio 197.13% 178.74%

4. Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)

The objective of Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is to reduce funding risk over a longer time horizon by requiring banks to fund their activates with sufficiently stable sources of funding on ongoing basis. Banks are required to maintain NSFR requirement of at least 100% on an ongoing basis from December 31,2017.

	Unv	weighted			
	No Maturity	Below 6 months	6 months to below 1 year	1 year and above 1 year	value
			(Rupees in '000)		
Available stable funding (ASF) Item					
Capital:					168,989,908
Regulatory capital	141,635,894	-	-	-	141,635,894
Other capital instruments	27,354,014	-	-	-	27,354,014
Retail deposits and deposit from small business customers:					722,190,449
Stable deposits	330,493	-	-	-	313,969
Less stable deposits	758,184,377	31,438,495	9,767,981	2,694,125	721,876,480
Wholesale funding:					65,055,588
Operational deposits	294,964	-	-	-	147,482
Other wholesale funding	64,016,194	47,121,304	14,640,649	4,038,065	64,908,106
Other liabilities:					27,128,429
NSFR derivative liabilities	-			5,875,498	
All other liabilities and equity not included in other categories	377,853,160	-	7,083,345	23,586,757	27,128,429
Total Available Stable Funding ASF					983,364,374
Required stable funding (RSF) Item					
Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	784,703,857	-	-	-	
Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	6,985,190	-	-	-	3,492,59
Performing loans and securities:					108,223,749
Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	
Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	7,457,679	-	-	1,118,652
Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: with a risk weight of greater than 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	72,350,186	61,497,658
With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	46,529,163	30,243,956
Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA including exchange-traded equities.	-	-	2,191,972	16,076,631	15,363,483
Other assets:					535,039,832
Physical traded commodities, including gold	-	-	-	-	
Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts	-	-	-	-	
NSFR derivative assets				5,112,198	
NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted				5,875,498	1,175,100
All other assets not included in the above categories	532,105,541	36,082,548	5,557,050	-	533,864,732
Off-balance sheet items					52,287,21
Total Required stable funding (RSF)					699,043,391
Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					140.67%

	Unw	weighted			
	No Maturity	Below 6 months	6 months to below 1 year	1 year and above 1 year	value
			(Rupees in '000)		
Available stable funding (ASF) Item					
Capital:					154,416,318
Regulatory capital	136,992,765	-	-	-	136,992,765
Other capital instruments	17,423,553	-	-	-	17,423,553
Retail deposits and deposit from small business customers:					665,596,792
Stable deposits	506,595	-	-	-	481,265
Less stable deposits	705,986,082	23,034,677	7,482,234	2,514,261	665,115,527
Wholesale funding:					56,983,606
Operational deposits	277,307	-	-	-	138,653
Other wholesale funding	52,130,053	42,929,489	13,944,561	4,685,802	56,844,953
Other liabilities:					18,573,842
NSFR derivative liabilities	-			4,359,588	-
All other liabilities and equity not included in other categories	465,229,262	-	4,145,129	16,501,277	18,573,842
Total AFS					895,570,558
Required stable funding (RSF) Item					
Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	8,271,878				4,135,939
Performing loans and securities:					136,901,940
Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	32,972,346	-	-	3,297,235
Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	3,195,421	-	-	479,313
Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: with a risk weight of greater than 35% under the Basel-II standardized approach for credit risk.	-	-	-	84,972,277	72,226,435
With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	51,765,596	33,647,638
Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA including exchange-traded equities.			4,904,833	26,707,566	27,251,319
Other assets:					501,231,489
Physical traded commodities, including gold	-	-	-	-	-
Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts	-	-	-	-	
NSFR derivative assets				4,347,014	
NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted				4,359,588	871,918
All other assets not included in the above categories	493,935,406	165,755,558	3,607,096	-	500,359,571
Off-balance sheet items					43,408,747
Total RSF					685,678,115
Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					130.61%